

Safety Data Sheet

Product name: Ethyl acetate

CAS No.: 141-78-6

Prepared in accordance with GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

>Product identifier

- Product name: Ethyl acetate
- CBnumber: CB7255315
- CAS: 141-78-6
- EINECS Number: 205-500-4
- Synonyms: ethyl acetate, EtOH

>Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

- Relevant identified uses: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.
- Uses advised against: none

>Company Identification

- Company: Linyi Tuohui New Materials Co., Ltd.
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

>GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

- Symbol(GHS) 
- Signal word Danger

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing.
Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P307+P311 IF exposed: call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....

Hazard statements

H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H320 Causes eye irritation

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

H370 Causes damage to organs

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

>Substance

- Product name: Ethyl acetate
- Synonyms: ethyl acetate, EtOH
- CAS: 141-78-6
- EC number: 205-500-4
- MF: C₄H₈O₂

- MW: 88.11

SECTION 4: First aid measures

>Description of first aid measures

General advice

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

>Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

>Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

>Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Foam Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

>Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Combustible.

Pay attention to flashback.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Risk of dust explosion.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

>Advice for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

>Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

>NFPA 704

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3
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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

>Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent material (e.g. Chemizorb). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

>Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

>Precautions for safe handling

> Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

> Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

> Hygiene measures

Change contaminated clothing. Preventive skin protection recommended. Wash hands after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

> Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

> Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

> Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

> control parameter

Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

> Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 120 min Material tested: Butoject (KCL 898)

Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

Recommended Filter type: Filter A (acc. to DIN 3181) for vapours of organic compounds

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

Exposure limits

TLV-TWA 400 ppm (~ 1400 mg/m³) (ACGIH, MSHA, and OSHA); IDLH 10,000 ppm (NIOSH).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

>Information on basic physicochemical properties

- Appearancecolorless clear, liquid
- OdourNo data available
- Odour Threshold0.87ppm
- pHNo data available
- Melting point/freezing pointMelting point/range: -84 °C
- Initial boiling point and boiling range 76,5 - 77,5 °C
- Flash point-4 °C - closed cup
- Evaporation rateNo data available
- Flammability (solid, gas)No data available
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Lower explosion limit: 2,2 %(V)
- Vapour pressure 73 mm Hg (20 °C)
- Vapour density 3 (20 °C, vs air)
- Relative density0.902 (20/20°C)
- Water solubilityMiscible with ethanol, acetone, diethyl ether and benzene.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/waterNo data available
- Autoignition temperatureNo data available
- Decomposition temperatureNo data available
- ViscosityViscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
- Explosive propertiesNo data available
- Oxidizing propertiesNo data available

- Henry's Law Constant 0.39 at 5.00 °C, 0.58 at 10.00 °C, 0.85 at 15.00 °C, 1.17 at 20.00 °C, 1.58 at 25.00 °C (column stripping-UV, Kutsuna et al., 2005)
- λ_{max} : 256 nm A_{max} : ≤ 1.00
 λ : 275 nm A_{max} : ≤ 0.05
 λ : 300 nm A_{max} : ≤ 0.03
 λ : 325-400 nm A_{max} : ≤ 0.005

>Other safety information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

>Reactivity

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

>Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

>Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with: Exothermic reaction with:

Fluorine chlorosulfonic acid

Strong oxidizing agents fuming sulfuric acid

Risk of explosion with:

lithium aluminium hydride Alkali metals

hydrides

Alkaline earth metals

Violent reactions possible with:

Strong acids and strong bases

>Conditions to avoid

Warming.

>Incompatible materials

various plastics

>Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

>Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 5.620 mg/kg Remarks: (RTECS)

Inhalation

LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - male - > 20.000 mg/kg Remarks: (ECHA)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation Remarks: (IUCLID)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: slight irritation (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Remarks: (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: UDS (Unscheduled DNA synthesis assay) Test system: Escherichia coli

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: US-EPA

Result: negative

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Chinese hamster

Cell type: Red blood cells (erythrocytes) Application Route: Oral

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. - Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard

Toxicity

LD50 orally in rats: 11.3 ml/kg (Smyth)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

>Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

flow-through test LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 230 mg/l - 96 h
(US-EPA)

Toxicity to algae

static test NOEC - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - > 100 mg/l - 72 h
(OECD Test Guideline 201)

>Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability aerobic - Exposure time 20 d

Result: ca.69 % - Readily biodegradable. Remarks: (ECHA)

Theoretical oxygen demand

1.820 mg/g Remarks: (Lit.)

>Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

>Mobility in soil

>Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

>Toxics Screening Level

The initial threshold screening level (ITSL) for ethyl acetate is 3200 µg/m³, with annual averaging time.

>Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

>Waste treatment methods

> Product

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

Incompatibilities

Ethyl acetate can react vigorously with strong oxidizers, strong alkalis, strong acids, and nitrates to cause fires or explosions. It also reacts vigorously with chlorosulfonic acid, lithium aluminum hydride, 2-chloromethylfuran, and potassium tert-butoxide.

Waste Disposal

Dissolve or mix the material with a combustible solvent and burn in a chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber. All federal, state, and local environmental regulations must be observed. Generators of waste containing this contaminant (≥ 100 kg/ mo) must conform with regulations governing storage, transportation, treatment, and waste disposal.

SECTION 14: Transport information

>UN number

ADR/RID: 1173 IMDG: 1173

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

>Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

EC Inventory:Listed.

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory: Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS): Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

SECTION 16: Other information

>Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

>References

- 【1】 CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>
- 【2】 ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>
- 【3】 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>
- 【4】 eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en
- 【5】 ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>
- 【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>
- 【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>
- 【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>
- 【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>
- 【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

>Other Information

Do NOT take working clothes home.